

Beweis des Satzes von Heron

Der Satz des Heron

$$F_{\Delta} = \sqrt{s(s-a)(s-b)(s-c)} \quad \text{mit} \quad s = \frac{a+b+c}{2}$$

Beweis

$$F_{\Delta} = \sqrt{[s(s-c)][(s-a)(s-b)]}$$

$$F_{\Delta} = \sqrt{\left[\frac{(a+b+c)(a+b-c)}{2}\right]\left[\frac{(b+c-a)(a+c-b)}{2}\right]}$$

$$F_{\Delta} = \sqrt{\left[\frac{(a+b+c)(a+b-c)}{2}\right]\left[\frac{(c-(a-b))(c+(a-b))}{2}\right]}$$

$$F_{\Delta} = \sqrt{\left[\frac{(a+b)^2 - c^2}{4}\right]\left[\frac{c^2 - (a-b)^2}{4}\right]}$$

$$F_{\Delta} = \sqrt{\left[\frac{(a+b)^2 - (\vec{a} - \vec{b})^2}{4}\right]\left[\frac{(\vec{a} - \vec{b})^2 - (a-b)^2}{4}\right]}$$

$$F_{\Delta} = \sqrt{\left[\frac{ab + \vec{a} \cdot \vec{b}}{2}\right]\left[\frac{ab - \vec{a} \cdot \vec{b}}{2}\right]}$$

$$F_{\Delta} = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{(ab + \vec{a} \cdot \vec{b})(ab - \vec{a} \cdot \vec{b})}$$

$$F_{\Delta} = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{(ab)^2 - (\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b})^2}$$

$$F_{\Delta} = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{(ab)^2 - (ab)^2 \cos^2 \alpha}$$

$$F_{\Delta} = \frac{1}{2} ab \cdot \sqrt{1 - \cos^2 \alpha}$$

$$F_{\Delta} = \frac{1}{2} ab \cdot \sin \alpha = \frac{1}{2} |\vec{a} \times \vec{b}|$$